

# Oedipus Rex

### **SOPHOCLES**

TRANSLATED BY DUDLEY FITTS AND ROBERT FITZGERALD

#### **CHARACTERS**

OEDIPUS, King of Thebes, supposed son of Polybos

and Merope, King and Queen of Corinth

IOKASTE<sup>1</sup>, wife of Oedipus and widow of the late

King Laios

KREON, brother of Iokaste, a prince of Thebes

a blind seer who serves Apollo

PRIEST MESSENGER, from Corinth

TEIRESIAS,

SHEPHERD, former servant of Laios

SECOND MESSENGER, from the palace

CHORUS OF THEBAN

ELDERS CHORAGOS, leader of the Chorus

ANTIGONE and ISMENE,

young daughters of Oedipus and Iokaste. They

appear in the Exodos but do not speak.

SUPPLIANTS, GUARDS,

SERVANTS

#### THE SCENE

Before the palace of Oedipus, King of Thebes. A central door and two lateral doors open onto a platform which runs the length of the facade. On the platform, right and left, are altars; and three steps lead down into the orchestra, or chorusground. At the beginning of the action these steps are crowded by suppliants who have brought branches and chaplets of olive leaves and who sit in various attitudes of despair. Oedipus enters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Iokaste has been translated as Jocasta in other versions of the play.

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#### PROLOGUE<sup>2</sup>

OEDIPUS. My children, generations of the living In the line of Kadmos,<sup>3</sup> nursed at his ancient hearth: Why have you strewn yourselves before these altars In supplication, with your boughs and garlands? The breath of incense rises from the city 5 With a sound of prayer and lamentation. Children, I would not have you speak through messengers, And therefore I have come myself to hear you— I, Oedipus, who bear the famous name. (To a Priest.) You, there, since you are eldest in the company, 10 Speak for them all, tell me what preys upon you, Whether you come in dread, or crave some blessing: Tell me, and never doubt that I will help you In every way I can; I should be heartless Were I not moved to find you suppliant here. PRIEST. Great Oedipus, O powerful king of Thebes! You see how all the ages of our people Cling to your altar steps: here are boys Who can barely stand alone, and here are priests By weight of age, as I am a priest of God, And young men chosen from those yet unmarried; As for the others, all that multitude,

Your own eyes 25
Must tell you: Thebes is tossed on a murdering sea
And can not lift her head from the death surge.
A rust consumes the buds and fruits of the earth;
The herds are sick; children die unborn,
And labor is vain. The god of plague and pyre 30
Raids like detestable lightning through the city,

And all the house of Kadmos is laid waste, All emptied, and all darkened: Death alone Battens upon the misery of Thebes. You are not one of the immortal gods, we know; Yet we have come to you to make our prayer As to the man surest in mortal ways And wisest in the ways of God. You saved us From the Sphinx,6 that flinty singer, and the tribute We paid to her so long; yet you were never Better informed than we, nor could we teach you: A god's touch, it seems, enabled you to help us. Therefore, O mighty power, we turn to you: Find us our safety, find us a remedy, Whether by counsel of the gods or of men. A king of wisdom tested in the past Can act in a time of troubles, and act well. Noblest of men, restore Life to your city! Think how all men call you Liberator for your boldness long ago; Ah, when your years of kingship are remembered, Let them not say We rose, but later fell— Keep the State from going down in the storm! Once, years ago, with happy augury, You brought us fortune; be the same again! No man questions your power to rule the land: But rule over men, not over a dead city! Ships are only hulls, high walls are nothing, When no life moves in the empty passageways. OEDIPUS. Poor children! You may be sure I know All that you longed for in your coming here. I know that you are deathly sick; and yet, Sick as you are, not one is as sick as I. Each of you suffers in himself alone His anguish, not another's; but my spirit

Speaks in the glowing embers.

They wait with olive chaplets in the squares, At the two shrines of Pallas,<sup>4</sup> and where Apollo<sup>5</sup>

Groans for the city, for myself, for you.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Part of play that explains background and current action.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Founder of Thebes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Pallas Athene, goddess of wisdom

<sup>5</sup>God of the sun.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Mythological winged creature with lion's body and human head that tormented Thebes by demanding the answer to this riddle: What has one voice and yet becomes four-footed and two-footed and three-footed? When the riddle was answered incorrectly, she ate the respondent. Oedipus gives the correct answer: A man crawls on all fours in infancy, walks on two feet when grown, and leans on a staff in old age. After Oedipus answers correctly, the Sphinx kills herself.

I was not sleeping, you are not waking me. No, I have been in tears for a long while And in my restless thought walked many ways. In all my search I found one remedy, And I have adopted it: I have sent Kreon, Son of Menoikeus, brother of the queen, To Delphi, Apollo's place of revelation, To learn there, if he can, What act or pledge of mine may save the city. I have counted the days, and now, this very day, I am troubled, for he has overstayed his time. What is he doing? He has been gone too long. Yet whenever he comes back, I should do ill Not to take any action the god orders. PRIEST. It is a timely promise. At this instant They tell me Kreon is here. OEDIPUS. O Lord Apollo! May his news be fair as his face is radiant! PRIEST. Good news, I gather! he is crowned with bay, The chaplet is thick with berries. OEDIPUS. We shall soon know; He is near enough to hear us now. (Enter Kreon.) O prince: Brother: son of Menoikeus: What answer do you bring us from the god? KREON. A strong one. I can tell you, great afflictions Will turn out well, if they are taken well. 90 OEDIPUS. What was the oracle? These vague words Leave me still hanging between hope and fear. KREON. Is it your pleasure to hear me with all these Gathered around us? I am prepared to speak, But should we not go in? OEDIPUS. Speak to them all, It is for them I suffer, more than for myself. KREON. Then I will tell you what I heard at Delphi. In plain words The god commands us to expel from the land of Thebes An old defilement we are sheltering. It is a deathly thing, beyond cure; We must not let it feed upon us longer.

OEDIPUS. What defilement? How shall we rid ourselves of it? KREON. By exile or death, blood for blood. It was	
	105
OEDIPUS. Murder of whom? Surely the god has named him?	103
KREON. My Lord: Laios once ruled this land,	
Before you came to govern us.	
OEDIPUS. I know;	
I learned of him from others; I never saw him.	
KREON. He was murdered; and Apollo commands us now	110
To take revenge upon whoever killed him.	110
OEDIPUS. Upon whom? Where are they? Where shall we find a clue	
To solve that crime, after so many years?	
KREON. Here in this land, he said. Search reveals	
	115
OEDIPUS. Tell me: Was Laios murdered in his house,	115
Or in the fields, or in some foreign country?	
KREON. He said he planned to make a pilgrimage.	
He did not come home again.	
OEDIPUS. And was there no one,	
No witness, no companion, to tell what happened?	120
KREON. They were all killed but one, and he got away	120
So frightened that he could remember one thing only.	
OEDIPUS. What was that one thing? One may be the key	
To everything, if we resolve to use it.	
KREON. He said that a band of highwaymen attacked them,	125
Outnumbered them, and overwhelmed the king.	
OEDIPUS. Strange, that a highwayman should be so daring—	
Unless some faction here bribed him to do it.	
KREON. We thought of that. But after Laios' death	
New troubles arose and we had no avenger.	130
OEDIPUS. What troubles could prevent your hunting down the killers?	
KREON. The riddling Sphinx's song	
Made us deaf to all mysteries but her own.	
OEDIPUS. Then once more I must bring what is dark to light.	
It is most fitting that Apollo shows,	135
As you do, this compunction for the dead.	
You shall see how I stand by you, as I should,	
Avenging this country and the god as well,	
And not as though it were for some distant friend,	
But for my own sake, to be rid of evil.	140
Whoever killed King Laios might—who knows?—	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Greek temple and oracle of Apollo.

Lay violent hands even on me—and soon. I act for the murdered king in my own interest. Come, then, my children: leave the altar steps, Lift up your olive boughs!

One of you go 145

And summon the people of Kadmos to gather here. I will do all that I can; you may tell them that.

(Exit a Page.)

So, with the help of God,

We shall be saved—or else indeed we are lost.

PRIEST. Let us rise, children. It was for this we came,

....

And now the king has promised it.

Phoibos8 has sent us an oracle; may he descend

Himself to save us and drive out the plague.

(Exeunt<sup>9</sup> Oedipus and Kreon into the palace by the central door. The Priest and the Suppliants disperse right and left. After a short pause the Chorus enters the orchestra.)

#### PARADOS<sup>10</sup>

# Strophe<sup>11</sup> 1

CHORUS. What is God singing in his profound

Delphi of gold and shadow?

What oracle for Thebes, the Sunwhipped city?

Fear unjoints me, the roots of my heart tremble.

Now I remember, O Healer, your power, and wonder:

Will you send doom like a sudden cloud, or weave it

Like nightfall of the past?

Speak to me, tell me, O

Child of golden Hope, immortal Voice.

### Antistrophe<sup>12</sup> 1

Let me pray to Athene, the immortal daughter of Zeus,
And to Artemis<sup>13</sup> her sister

Who keeps her famous throne in the market ring,
And to Apollo, archer from distant heaven—
O gods, descend! Like three streams leap against
The fires of our grief, the fires of darkness;

Be swift to bring us rest!
As in the old time from the brilliant house
Of air you stepped to save us, come again!

# Strophe 2

Now our afflictions have no end,

Now all our stricken host lies down

And no man fights off death with his mind;

The noble plowland bears no grain,

And groaning mothers can not bear—

See, how our lives like birds take wing,

Like sparks that fly when a fire soars,

25

To the shore of the god of evening.

# Antistrophe 2

The plague burns on, it is pitiless,
Though pallid children laden with death
Lie unwept in the stony ways,
And old gray women by every path
Flock to the strand about the altars
There to strike their breasts and cry
Worship of Phoibos in wailing prayers:
Be kind, God's golden child!

# Strophe 3

There are no swords in this attack by fire, No shields, but we are ringed with cries. Send the besieger plunging from our homes

<sup>8</sup>Apollo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>They go out. (Latin)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Song or ode the Chorus chants when they enter the stage.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Song the Chorus sings as they dance from stage right to stage left.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>Song the Chorus sings as they dance back from stage left to stage right.

<sup>13</sup>Goddess of wild animals and the hunt.

Into the vast sea-room of the Atlantic
Or into the waves that foam eastward of Thrace—
For the day ravages what the night spares—
Destroy our enemy, lord of the thunder!
Let him be riven by lightning from heaven!

### Antistrophe 3

Phoibos Apollo, stretch the sun's bowstring,
That golden cord, until it sing for us,
Flashing arrows in heaven!
Artemis, Huntress,
Race with flaring lights upon our mountains!
O scarlet god, 14 O golden-banded brow,
O Theban Bacchos in a storm of Maenads, 15

### (Enter Oedipus, center.)

Whirl upon Death, that all the Undying hate!
Come with blinding torches, come in joy!

#### SCENE 1

OEDIPUS. Is this your prayer? It may be answered. Come, Listen to me, act as the crisis demands, And you shall have relief from all these evils.

Until now I was a stranger to this tale,

As I had been a stranger to the crime.

Could I track down the murderer without a clue?

But now, friends,

As one who became a citizen after the murder,

I make this proclamation to all Thebans:

If any man knows by whose hand Laios, son of Labdakos,

Met his death, I direct that man to tell me everything,

No matter what he fears for having so long withheld it.

Let it stand as promised that no further trouble

Will come to him, but he may leave the land in safety.

Moreover: If anyone knows the murderer to be foreign,

Let him not keep silent: he shall have his reward from me.

However, if he does conceal it; if any man Fearing for his friend or for himself disobeys this edict, Hear what I propose to do: I solemnly forbid the people of this country, Where power and throne are mine, ever to receive that man Or speak to him, no matter who he is, or let him Join in sacrifice, lustration, or in prayer. I decree that he be driven from every house, Being, as he is, corruption itself to us: the Delphic Voice of Apollo has pronounced this revelation. Thus I associate myself with the oracle And take the side of the murdered king. As for the criminal, I pray to God— Whether it be a lurking thief, or one of a number— I pray that that man's life be consumed in evil and wretchedness. And as for me, this curse applies no less If it should turn out that the culprit is my guest here, Sharing my hearth. You have heard the penalty. I lay it on you now to attend to this For my sake, for Apollo's, for the sick Sterile city that heaven has abandoned. Suppose the oracle had given you no command: Should this defilement go uncleansed for ever? You should have found the murderer: your king, A noble king, had been destroyed! Having the power that he held before me, Having his bed, begetting children there Upon his wife, as he would have, had he lived— Their son would have been my children's brother, If Laios had had luck in fatherhood! (And now his bad fortune has struck him down)— I say I take the son's part, just as though I were his son, to press the fight for him And see it won! I'll find the hand that brought Death to Labdakos' and Polydoros' child, Heir of Kadmos' and Agenor's line. 16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>Bacchus, god of wine, creative ecstasy, and dramatic poetry

<sup>15</sup>Women who worship Bacchus.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup>Labdakos, Polydoros, Kadmos, Agenor, father, grandfather, great-grandfather, and great-great-grandfather of Laios.

And as for those who fail me,	
May the gods deny them the fruit of the earth,  Fruit of the womb, and may they rot utterly!	55
Let them be wretched as we are wretched, and worse!	
For you, for loyal Thebans, and for all	
Who find my actions right, I pray the favor	
Of justice, and of all the immortal gods.	
CHORAGOS. Since I am under oath, my lord, I swear	60
I did not do the murder, I can not name	
The murderer. Phoibos ordained the search;	
Why did he not say who the culprit was?	
OEDIPUS. An honest question. But no man in the world	
Can make the gods do more than the gods will.	65
CHORAGOS. There is an alternative, I think—	
OEDIPUS. Tell me.	
Any or all, you must not fail to tell me.	
CHORAGOS. A lord clairvoyant to the lord Apollo,	
As we all know, is the skilled Teiresias.	
One might learn much about this from him, Oedipus.	70
OEDIPUS. I am not wasting time:	
Kreon spoke of this, and I have sent for him—	
Twice, in fact; it is strange that he is not here.	
CHORAGOS. The other matter—that old report—seems useless.	
OEDIPUS. What was that? I am interested in all reports.	75
CHORAGOS. The king was said to have been killed by highwaymen.	
OEDIPUS. I know. But we have no witnesses to that.	
CHORAGOS. If the killer can feel a particle of dread,	
Your curse will bring him out of hiding!	
OEDIPUS.	
The man who dared that act will fear no curse.	80
(Enter the blind seer Teiresia's, led by a Page.)	
CHORAGOS. But there is one man who may detect the criminal.	
This is Teiresias, this is the holy prophet	
In whom, alone of all men, truth was born.	
OEDIPUS. Teiresias: seer: student of mysteries,	
Of all that's taught and all that no man tells,	85
Secrets of Heaven and secrets of the earth:	03
Blind though you are, you know the city lies	
Sick with plague; and from this plague, my lord,	
We find that you alone can guard or save us.	

Possibly you did not hear the messengers?  Apollo, when we sent to him,	90
Sent us back word that this great pestilence	
Would lift, but only if we established clearly	
The identity of those who murdered Laios.	
They must be killed or exiled.	
	95
Birdflight <sup>17</sup> or any art of divination	
To purify yourself, and Thebes, and me	
From this contagion? We are in your hands.	
There is no fairer duty	
Than that of helping others in distress.	100
TEIRESIAS. How dreadful knowledge of the truth can be	
When there's no help in truth! I knew this well,	
But did not act on it; else I should not have come.	
OEDIPUS. What is troubling you? Why are your eyes so cold?	
TEIRESIAS. Let me go home. Bear your own fate, and I'll	105
Bear mine. It is better so: trust what I say.	
OEDIPUS. What you say is ungracious and unhelpful	
To your native country. Do not refuse to speak.	
TEIRESIAS. When it comes to speech, your own is neither temperate	
Nor opportune. I wish to be more prudent.	110
OEDIPUS. In God's name, we all beg you—	
TEIRESIAS. You are all ignorant.	
No; I will never tell you what I know.	
Now it is my misery; then, it would be yours.	
OEDIPUS. What! You do know something, and will not tell us?	
You would betray us all and wreck the State?	115
TEIRESIAS. I do not intend to torture myself, or you.	
Why persist in asking? You will not persuade me.	
OEDIPUS. What a wicked old man you are! You'd try a stone's	
Patience! Out with it! Have you no feeling at all?	
TEIRESIAS. You call me unfeeling. If you could only see	120
The nature of your own feelings	
OEDIPUS. Why,	
Who would not feel as I do? Who could endure	
Your arrogance toward the city?	
TEIRESIAS. What does it matter?	
Whether I speak or not, it is bound to come.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup>Prophets predicted the future by observing the flight of birds.

OEDIPUS. Then, if "it" is bound to come, you are bound to tell me.	125
TEIRESIAS. No, I will not go on. Rage as you please.	
OEDIPUS. Rage? Why not!	
And I'll tell you what I think:	
You planned it, you had it done, you all but	
Killed him with your own hands: if you had eyes,	
I'd say the crime was yours, and yours alone.	130
TEIRESIAS. So? I charge you, then,	
Abide by the proclamation you have made:	
From this day forth	
Never speak again to these men or to me;	
You yourself are the pollution of this country.	135
OEDIPUS. You dare say that! Can you possibly think you have	
Some way of going free, after such insolence?	
TEIRESIAS. I have gone free. It is the truth sustains me.	
OEDIPUS. Who taught you shamelessness? It was not your craft.	
TEIRESIAS. You did. You made me speak. I did not want to.	140
OEDIPUS. Speak what? Let me hear it again more clearly.	
TEIRESIAS. Was it not clear before? Are you tempting me?	
OEDIPUS. I did not understand it. Say it again.	
TEIRESIAS. I say that you are the murderer whom you seek.	
OEDIPUS. Now twice you have spat out infamy.	
You'll pay for it!	145
TEIRESIAS. Would you care for more? Do you wish to be really angry?	123911
OEDIPUS. Say what you will. Whatever you say is worthless.	
TEIRESIAS. I say you live in hideous shame with those	
Most dear to you. You can not see the evil.	
OEDIPUS. Can you go on babbling like this for ever?	150
TEIRESIAS. I can, if there is power in truth.	
OEDIPUS. There is:	
But not for you, not for you,	
You sightless, witless, senseless, mad old man!	
TEIRESIAS. You are the madman. There is no one here	
Who will not curse you soon, as you curse me.	155
OEDIPUS. You child of total night! I would not touch you;	
Neither would any man who sees the sun.	
TEIRESIAS. True: it is not from you my fate will come.	
That lies within Apollo's competence,	
As it is his concern.	W.
OEDIPUS. Tell me, who made	160
These fine discoveries? Kreon? or someone else?	

TEIRESIAS. Kreon is no threat. You weave your own doom. OEDIPUS. Wealth, power, craft of statemanship!	
Kingly position, everywhere admired!	
What savage envy is stored up against these,	-/-
If Kreon, whom I trusted, Kreon my friend,	165
For this great office which the city once	
Put in my hands unsought—if for this power	
Kreon desires in secret to destroy me!	
He has bought this decrepit fortune-teller, this	170
Collector of dirty pennies, this prophet fraud—	
Why, he is no more clairvoyant than I am!	
Tell us:	
Has your mystic mummery ever approached the truth?	
When that hellcat the Sphinx was performing here,	
What help were you to these people?	175
Her magic was not for the first man who came along:	
It demanded a real exorcist. Your birds—	
What good were they? or the gods, for the matter of that?	
But I came by,	
Oedipus, the simple man, who knows nothing—	180
I thought it out for myself, no birds helped me!	
And this is the man you think you can destroy,	
That you may be close to Kreon when he's king!	
Well, you and your friend Kreon, it seems to me,	
Will suffer most. If you were not an old man,	185
You would have paid already for your plot.	705
CHORAGOS. We can not see that his words or yours	
Have been spoken except in anger, Oedipus,	
And of anger we have no need. How to accomplish	
The god's will best: that is what most concerns us.	190
TEIRESIAS. You are a king. But where argument's concerned	-
I am your man, as much a king as you.	
I am not your servant, but Apollo's.	
I have no need of Kreon or Kreon's name.	
Listen to me. You mock my blindness, do you?	195
But I say that you, with both your eyes, are blind:	193
You can not see the wretchedness of your life,	
Nor in whose house you live, no, nor with whom.	
Who are your father and mother? Can you tell me?	
who are your rather and mother; Can you tell me:	

You do not even know the blind wrongs	200
That you have done them, on earth and in the world below.	
But the double lash of your parents' curse will whip you	
Out of this land some day, with only night	
Upon your precious eyes.	
Your cries then—where will they not be heard?	205
What fastness of Kithairon <sup>18</sup> will not echo them?	
And that bridal-descant of yours—you'll know it then,	
The song they sang when you came here to Thebes	
And found your misguided berthing.	
All this, and more, that you can not guess at now,	210
Will bring you to yourself among your children.	
Be angry, then. Curse Kreon. Curse my words.	
I tell you, no man that walks upon the earth	
Shall be rooted out more horribly than you.	215
OEDIPUS. Am I to bear this from him?—Damnation	
Take you! Out of this place! Out of my sight!	
TEIRESIAS. I would not have come at all if you had not asked me.	
OEDIPUS. Could I have told that you'd talk nonsense, that	
You'd come here to make a fool of yourself, and of me?	
TEIRESIAS. A fool? Your parents thought me sane enough.	220
OEDIPUS. My parents again!—Wait: who were my parents?	
TEIRESIAS. This day will give you a father, and break your heart.	
OEDIPUS. Your infantile riddles! Your damned abracadabra!	
TEIRESIAS. You were a great man once at solving riddles.	
OEDIPUS. Mock me with that if you like; you will find it true.	225
TEIRESIAS. It was true enough. It brought about your ruin.	
OEDIPUS. But if it saved this town?	
TEIRESIAS (to the Page). Boy, give me your hand.	
OEDIPUS. Yes, boy; lead him away.	
—While you are here	
We can do nothing. Go; leave us in peace.	
TEIRESIAS. I will go when I have said what I have to say.	230
How can you hurt me? And I tell you again:	
The man you have been looking for all this time,	
The damned man, the murderer of Laios,	
That man is in Thebes. To your mind he is foreign-born,	235
But it will soon be shown that he is a Theban,	

A revelation that will fail to please.

A blind man,

Who has his eyes now; a penniless man, who is rich now;
And he will go tapping the strange earth with his staff.

To the children with whom he lives now he will be

240

Brother and father—the very same; to her

Who bore him, son and husband—the very same

Who came to his father's bed, wet with his father's blood.

Enough. Go think that over.

If later you find error in what I have said,

245

You may say that I have no skill in prophecy.

(Exit Teiresias, led by his Page. Oedipus goes into the palace.)

#### ODE<sup>19</sup> 1

#### Strophe 1

CHORUS. The Delphic stone of prophecies
Remembers ancient regicide
And a still bloody hand.
That killer's hour of flight has come.
He must be stronger than riderless
Coursers of untiring wind,
For the son of Zeus<sup>20</sup> armed with his father's thunder
Leaps in lightning after him;
And the Furies<sup>21</sup> hold his track, the sad Furies.

# Antistrophe 1

Holy Parnassos'<sup>22</sup> peak of snow
Flashes and blinds that secret man,
That all shall hunt him down:
Though he may roam the forest shade
Like a bull gone wild from pasture
To rage through glooms of stone.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup>As a baby, Oedipus was abandoned at this mountain.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup>Song sung by Chorus.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup>Ruler of the Olympian gods.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup>Goddesses of vengeance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup>Mountain sacred to Apollo.

Doom comes down on him; flight will not avail him; For the world's heart calls him desolate, And the immortal voices follow, for ever follow.

### Strophe 2

But now a wilder thing is heard From the old man skilled at hearing Fate in the wing-beat of a bird. 20 Bewildered as a blown bird, my soul hovers and can not find Foothold in this debate, or any reason or rest of mind. But no man ever brought—none can bring Proof of strife between Thebes' royal house, Labdakos' line, and the son of Polybos;23 25 And never until now has any man brought word Of Laios' dark death staining Oedipus the King.

# Antistrophe 2

Divine Zeus and Apollo hold Perfect intelligence alone of all tales ever told; And well though this diviner works, he works in his own night; 30 No man can judge that rough unknown or trust in second sight, For wisdom changes hands among the wise. Shall I believe my great lord criminal At a raging word that a blind old man let fall? I saw him, when the carrion woman<sup>24</sup> faced him of old, 35 Prove his heroic mind. These evil words are lies.

#### SCENE 2

KREON. Men of Thebes:

I am told that heavy accusations Have been brought against me by King Oedipus.

I am not the kind of man to bear this tamely.

If in these present difficulties He holds me accountable for any harm to him

Through anything I have said or done—why, then, I do not value life in this dishonor. It is not as though this rumor touched upon Some private indiscretion. The matter is grave. The fact is that I am being called disloyal To the State, to my fellow citizens, to my friends. CHORAGOS. He may have spoken in anger, not from his mind. KREON. But did you not hear him say I was the one Who seduced the old prophet into lying? 15 CHORAGOS. The thing was said; I do not know how seriously. KREON. But you were watching him! Were his eyes steady? Did he look like a man in his right mind? CHORAGOS. I do not know. I can not judge the behavior of great men. But here is the king himself. (Enter Oedipus.) OEDIPUS. So you dared come back. 20 Why? How brazen of you to come to my house, You murderer! Do you think I do not know That you plotted to kill me, plotted to steal my throne? Tell me, in God's name: am I coward, a fool, That you should dream you could accomplish this? A fool who could not see your slippery game? A coward, not to fight back when I saw it?

You are the fool, Kreon, are you not? hoping Without support or friends to get a throne? Thrones may be won or bought: you could do neither. 30 KREON. Now listen to me. You have talked; let me talk, too. You can not judge unless you know the facts. OEDIPUS. You speak well: there is one fact; but I find it hard To learn from the deadliest enemy I have.

KREON. That above all I must dispute with you. OEDIPUS. That above all I will not hear you deny. KREON. If you think there is anything good in being stubborn. Against all reason, then I say you are wrong. OEDIPUS. If you think a man can sin against his own kind And not be punished for it, I say you are mad.

KREON. I agree. But tell me: what have I done to you?

OEDIPUS. You advised me to send for that wizard, did you not? KREON. I did. I should do it again.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup>King who adopted Oedipus.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup>Sphinx

OEDIPUS.	Very well. Now tell me:	
How long has it been since Laios—	I do not value life to this dis-	
KREON.	What of Laios?	
OEDIPUS. Since he vanished in that onset b	by the road?	5
KREON. It was long ago, a long time.		
OEDIPUS.	And this prophet,	
Was he practicing here then?		
KREON. He was	; and with honor, as now.	
OEDIPUS. Did he speak of me at that time?	? Journal of the sold provides	
KREON.	He never did,	
At least, not when I was present.		
OEDIPUS.	But the enquiry?	
I suppose you held one?		
KREON. We did	, but we learned nothing. 50	0
OEDIPUS. Why did the prophet not speak	against me then?	
KREON. I do not know; and I am the kind	of man	
Who holds his tongue when he has n	o facts to go on.	
OEDIPUS. There's one fact that you know,	and you could tell it.	
KREON. What fact is that? If I know it, you	ı shall have it.	5
OEDIPUS. If he were not involved with you	ı, he could not say	
That it was I who murdered Laios.		
KREON. If he says that, you are the one that		
But now it is my turn to question you		
OEDIPUS. Put your questions. I am no mu		0
KREON. First, then: You married my sister		
OEDIPUS.	I married your sister.	
KREON. And you rule the kingdom equally		
OEDIPUS. Everything that she wants she ha		
KREON. And I am the third, equal to both		
OEDIPUS. That is why I call you a bad friend		5
KREON. No. Reason it out, as I have done.		
Think of this first: would any sane m	an prefer	
Power, with all a king's anxieties,	To learn from the deadliest e	
To that same power and the grace of	sleep?	
Certainly not I.	ton low I like words terr F 17	0
I have never longed for the king's por		
Would any wise man differ from me		
As matters stand, I have my way in e		
With your consent, and no responsib		
If I were king, I should be a slave to p	policy. 7	75
How could I desire a scepter more	1: 0	
Than what is now mine—untroubled	a influence!	

No, I have not gone mad; I need no honors,	
Except those with the perquisites I have now.	
	80
And those who want your favor seek my ear,	
Since I know how to manage what they ask.	
Should I exchange this ease for that anxiety?	
Besides, no sober mind is treasonable.	
I hate anarchy	85
And never would deal with any man who likes it.	
Test what I have said. Go to the priestess	
At Delphi, ask if I quoted her correctly.	
And as for this other thing: if I am found	
	90
Then sentence me to death. You have my word	,
It is a sentence I should cast my vote for—	
But not without evidence!	
You do wrong	
When you take good men for bad, bad men for good.	
A true friend thrown aside—why, life itself	05
Is not more precious!	95
In time you will know this well:	
For time, and time alone, will show the just man,	
Though scoundrels are discovered in a day.	
CHORAGOS. This is well said, and a prudent man would ponder it.	
·	100
Judgments too quickly formed are dangerous.	100
OEDIPUS. But is he not quick in his duplicity?	
And shall I not be quick to parry him?	
Would you have me stand still, hold my peace, and let	
This man win everything, through my inaction?	
KREON. And you want—what is it, then? To banish me?	105
OEDIPUS. No, not exile. It is your death I want,	
So that all the world may see what treason means.	
KREON. You will persist, then? You will not believe me?	
OEDIPUS. How can I believe you?	
KREON. Then you are a fool.	
OEDIPUS. To save myself?	
KREON. In justice, think of me.	110
OEDIPUS. You are evil incarnate.	
KREON. But suppose that you are wrong?	
OEDIPUS. Still I must rule.	
KREON. But not if you rule badly.	
OEDIPUS. O city, city!	

KREON. It is my city, too!	The worst of deaths, if ever I meant that!	
CHORAGOS. Now, my lords, be still. I see the queen,	It is the withering fields	
Iokaste, coming from her palace chambers;	That hurt my sick heart:	
And it is time she came, for the sake of you both.	Must we bear all these ills,	
This dreadful quarrel can be resolved through her.	And now your bad blood as well?	145
Should I exchange this ease for that agostery	OEDIPUS. Then let him go. And let me die, if I must,	
(Enter Iokaste.)	Or be driven by him in shame from the land of Thebes.	
IOKASTE. Poor foolish men, what wicked din is this?	It is your unhappiness, and not his talk,	
With Thebes sick to death, is it not shameful	That touches me.	
That you should take some private quarrel up?	As for him—	
(To Oedipus.) Come into the house.	Wherever he goes, hatred will follow him.	150
—And you, Kreon, go now:	KREON. Ugly in yielding, as you were ugly in rage!	
Let us have no more of this tumult over nothing.	Natures like yours chiefly torment themselves.	
KREON. Nothing? No, sister: what your husband plans for me	OEDIPUS. Can you not go? Can you not leave me?	
Is one of two great evils: exile or death.	KREON. I can.	
OEDIPUS. He is right.	You do not know me; but the city knows me,	
Why, woman I have caught him squarely 125	And in its eyes I am just, if not in yours.	155
Plotting against my life.	(Exit Kreon.)	
KREON. No! Let me die	etki yas is a sahurun barroogen	
Accurst if ever I have wished you harm!	Antistrophe 1	
IOKASTE. Ah, believe it, Oedipus!	CHORACOS Lady Jakresta did you not selv the King to go to his	
In the name of the gods, respect this oath of his	CHORAGOS. Lady Iokaste, did you not ask the King to go to his chambers?	
For my sake, for the sake of these people here!	IOKASTE. First tell me what has happened.	
	CHORAGOS. There was suspicion without evidence; yet it rankled	
Strophe 1	As even false charges will.	
OEDICUS. But it he not quick in his simplicity;	IOKASTE. On both sides?	
CHORAGOS. Open your mind to her, my lord. Be ruled by her, I beg you!	CHORAGOS. On both.	
OEDIPUS. What would you have me do?	IOKASTE. But what was said?	160
CHORAGOS. Respect Kreon's word. He has never spoken like a fool,	CHORAGOS. Oh let it rest, let it be done with!	100
And now he has sworn an oath.	Have we not suffered enough?	
OEDIPUS. You know what you ask?	OEDIPUS. You see to what your decency has brought you:	
CHORAGOS. I do.	You have made difficulties where my heart saw none.	
OEDIPUS. Speak on, then.	Tou have made difficulties where my heart saw none.	
CHORAGOS. A friend so sworn should not be baited so,	Antistrophe 2	
In blind malice, and without final proof.	ARM ARM AND A TOWN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	
OEDIPUS. You are aware, I hope, that what you say	CHORAGOS. Oedipus, it is not once only I have told you—	165
Means death for me, or exile at the least.	You must know I should count myself unwise	
Stronba 2	To the point of madness, should I now forsake you—	
Strophe 2	You, under whose hand,	
CHORAGOS. No, I swear by Helios, first in heaven!	In the storm of another time,	
May I die friendless and accurst,	Our dear land sailed out free.	170
1.140		

But now stand fast at the helm!

IOKASTE. In God's name, Oedipus, inform your wife as well: Why are you so set in this hard anger?	T )1
OEDIPUS. I will tell you, for none of these men deserves My confidence as you do. It is Kreon's work,	175
His treachery, his plotting against me.	
IOKASTE. Go on, if you can make this clear to me.	URIGIO
OEDIPUS. He charges me with the murder of Laios.	0
IOKASTE. Has he some knowledge? Or does he speak from hearsay?	
OEDIPUS. He would not commit himself to such a charge,	180
But he has brought in that damnable soothsayer	I
To tell his story.	W
IOKASTE. Set your mind at rest.	
If it is a question of soothsayers, I tell you	
That you will find no man whose craft gives knowledge	TUMBER 1
Of the unknowable.	1/10/391
Here is my proof:	185
An oracle was reported to Laios once	1
(I will not say from Phoibos himself, but from	(Marking)
His appointed ministers, at any rate)	
That his doom would be death at the hands of his own son—	190
His son, born of his flesh and of mine!	1
Now, you remember the story: Laios was killed	tada (
By marauding strangers where three highways meet;	
But his child had not been three days in this world	DAROND
Before the king had pierced the baby's ankles	
And left him to die on a lonely mountainside.	195
allod II.J	
Thus, Apollo never caused that child	
To kill his father, and it was not Laios' fate	
To die at the hands of his son, as he had feared.	2.1920365
This is what prophets and prophecies are worth!	
Have no dread of them.	c I
It is God himself	f 200
Who can show us what he wills, in his own way.	
OEDIPUS. How strange a shadowy memory crossed my mind,	
Just now while you were speaking; it chilled my heart.	
IOKASTE. What do you mean? What memory do you speak of?	205
OEDIPUS. If I understand you, Laios was killed	203
At a place where three roads meet.	

IOKASTE.	So it was said;	
We have no later story.		
OEDIPUS.	Where did it happen?	
IOKASTE. Phokis, it is called: at a p	lace where the Theban Way	
Divides into the roads toward	Delphi and Daulia.	
OEDIPUS. When?		
IOKASTE. We had the news not long	g before you came	210
And proved the right to your	succession here.	
OEDIPUS. Ah, what net has God be-	en weaving for me?	
IOKASTE. Oedipus! Why does this t	rouble you?	
OEDIPUS.	Do not ask me yet.	
First, tell me how Laios looked	d, and tell me	
How old he was.		
IOKASTE.	He was tall, his hair just touched	215
With white; his form was not		34
OEDIPUS. I think that I myself may	•	
By my own ignorant edict.		
IOKASTE.	You speak strangely.	
It makes me tremble to look a		
OEDIPUS. I am not sure that the bli		220
But I should know better if yo	ou were to tell me—	
IOKASTE. Anything—though I drea		
OEDIPUS. Was the king lightly escon		
With a large company, as a rul		
IOKASTE. There were five men with		225
And a single chariot, which he		9
OEDIPUS. Alas, that makes it plain of		
.20000	But who—	
Who told you how it happene	d?	
IOKASTE.	A household servant,	
The only one to escape.	spoke of other things.	
OEDIPUS.	And is he still	
A servant of ours?		
IOKASTE. N	o; for when he came back at last	230
And found you enthroned in		
He came to me, touched my h	_	
That I would send him away t		
Where only the shepherds go-		
As far away from the city as I		235
I granted his prayer; for althou		55
He had earned more than this	_	

OEDIPUS. Can he be called back quickly?  IOKASTE. Easily.  But why?	
OEDIPUS. I have taken too much upon myself	
Without enquiry; therefore I wish to consult him.	240
IOKASTE. Then he shall come.	240
But am I not one also	
To whom you might confide these fears of yours?	
OEDIPUS. That is your right; it will not be denied you,	
Now least of all; for I have reached a pitch	
Of wild foreboding. Is there anyone	245
To whom I should sooner speak?	
Polybos of Corinth is my father.	
My mother is a Dorian: Merope.	
I grew up chief among the men of Corinth	
Until a strange thing happened—	250
Not worth my passion, it may be, but strange.	
At a feast, a drunken man maundering in his cups	
Cries out that I am not my father's son!	
I contained myself that night, though I felt anger	
And a sinking heart. The next day I visited	255
My father and mother, and questioned them. They stormed,	
Calling it all the slanderous rant of a fool;	
And this relieved me. Yet the suspicion	
Remained always aching in my mind;	
I knew there was talk; I could not rest;	260
And finally, saying nothing to my parents,	
I went to the shrine at Delphi.	
The god dismissed my question without reply;	
He spoke of other things.	
Some were clear,	
Full of wretchedness, dreadful, unbearable:	265
As, that I should lie with my own mother, breed	
Children from whom all men would turn their eyes;	
And that I should be my father's murderer.	
I heard all this, and fled. And from that day	
Corinth to me was only in the stars	270

Descending in that quarter of the sky,	
As I wandered farther and farther on my way	
To a land where I should never see the evil	
Sung by the oracle. And I came to this country	
Where, so you say, King Laios was killed.	275
I will tell you all that happened there, my lady.	
There were three highways	
Coming together at a place I passed;	
And there a herald came towards me, and a chariot	ORDIPUS
Drawn by horses, with a man such as you describe	280
Seated in it. The groom leading the horses	
Forced me off the road at his lord's command;	
But as this charioteer lurched over towards me	
I struck him in my rage. The old man saw me	.0.
And brought his double goad down upon my head	285
As I came abreast.	
He was paid back, and more!	
Swinging my club in this right hand I knocked him	
Out of his car, and he rolled on the ground.  I killed him.	
I kined iiiii.	
*191 1.1 - 11	
I killed them all.  Now if that stranger and Laios were—kin,	290
Where is a man more miserable than I?	
More hated by the gods? Citizen and alien alike	
Must never shelter me or speak to me—	
I must be shunned by all.	
And I mysel	f
Pronounced this malediction upon myself!	295
Think of it: I have touched you with these hands,	
These hands that killed your husband. What defilement!	
You may be right.	
Am I all evil, then? It must be so,	
Since I must flee from Thebes, yet never again	
See my own countrymen, my own country,	300
For fear of joining my mother in marriage	
And killing Polybos, my father.	
Al	1,

If I was created so, born to this fate,	
Who could deny the savagery of God?	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	305
May I never see that day! Never!	
Rather let me vanish from the race of men	
Than know the abomination destined me!	
CHORAGOS. We too, my lord, have felt dismay at this.	
But there is hope: you have yet to hear the shepherd.	310
OEDIPUS. Indeed, I fear no other hope is left me.	
IOKASTE. What do you hope from him when he comes?	
OEDIPUS. This much:	
If his account of the murder tallies with yours,	
Then I am cleared.	
IOKASTE. What was it that I said	
Of such importance?	
OEDIPUS. Why, "marauders," you said,	215
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	313
Killed the king, according to this man's story.  If he maintains that still, if there were several,	
Clearly the guilt is not mine: I was alone.	
But if he says one man, singlehanded, did it,	
Then the evidence all points to me.	320
IOKASTE. You may be sure that he said there were several;	
And can he call back that story now? He can not.	
The whole city heard it as plainly as I.	
But suppose he alters some detail of it:	
He can not ever show that Laios' death	325
Fulfilled the oracle: for Apollo said	
My child was doomed to kill him; and my child—	
Poor baby!—it was my child that died first.	
No. From now on, where oracles are concerned,	
I would not waste a second thought on any.	330
OEDIPUS. You may be right.	55
But come: let someone go	
For the shepherd at once. This matter must be settled.	
IOKASTE. I will send for him.	
I would not wish to cross you in anything,	
And surely not in this.—Let us go in.	
(Exeunt into the palace.)	
LEACHILL HILD LIC DUMCE.	

#### ODE 2

### Strophe 1

CHORUS. Let me be reverent in the ways of right, Lowly the paths I journey on; Let all my words and actions keep The laws of the pure universe From highest Heaven handed down. For Heaven is their bright nurse, Those generations of the realms of light; Ah, never of mortal kind were they begot, Nor are they slaves of memory, lost in sleep: Their Father is greater than Time, and ages not. Antistrophe 1 The tyrant is a child of Pride Who drinks from his great sickening cup Recklessness and vanity, Until from his high crest headlong He plummets to the dust of hope. That strong man is not strong. But let no fair ambition be denied; May God protect the wrestler for the State In government, in comely policy, Who will fear God, and on his ordinance wait. Strophe 2 Haughtiness and the high hand of disdain Tempt and outrage God's holy law; And any mortal who dares hold No immortal Power in awe Will be caught up in a net of pain: The price for which his levity is sold. Let each man take due earnings, then, And keep his hands from holy things, And from blasphemy stand apart— Else the crackling blast of heaven Blows on his head, and on his desperate heart.

Though fools will honor impious men, In their cities no tragic poet sings.

# Antistrophe 2

Shall we lose faith in Delphi's obscurities,

We who have heard the world's core

Discredited, and the sacred wood

Of Zeus at Elis praised no more?

The deeds and the strange prophecies

Must make a pattern yet to be understood.

Zeus, if indeed you are lord of all,

Throned in light over night and day,

Mirror this in your endless mind:

Our masters call the oracle

Words on the wind, and the Delphic vision blind!

Their hearts no longer know Apollo,

And reverence for the gods has died away.

#### SCENE 3

Enter Iokaste.

IOKASTE. Princes of Thebes, it has occurred to me

To visit the altars of the gods, bearing
These branches as a suppliant, and this incense.

Our king is not himself: his noble soul
Is overwrought with fantasies of dread,
Else he would consider
The new prophecies in the light of the old.
He will listen to any voice that speaks disaster,
And my advice goes for nothing. (She approaches the
altar, right.)

To you, then, Apollo,

Lycean lord, since you are nearest, I turn in prayer
Receive these offerings, and grant us deliverance
From defilement. Our hearts are heavy with fear
When we see our leader distracted, as helpless sailors
Are terrified by the confusion of their helmsman.

(Enter Messenger.)

MESSENGER. Friends, no doubt you can direct me:
Where shall I find the house of Oedipus,
Or, better still, where is the king himself?
CHORAGOS. It is this very place, stranger; he is inside.
This is his wife and mother of his children.

MESSENGER. I wish her happiness in a happy ho	use,	20
Blest in all the fulfillment of her marriage.		
IOKASTE. I wish as much for you: your courtesy		
Deserves a like good fortune. But now, tell	me:	
Why have you come? What have you to say	to us?	
MESSENGER. Good news, my lady, for your house	and your husband.	25
IOKASTE. What news? Who sent you here?		
MESSENGER.	I am from Corinth.	
The news I bring ought to mean joy for yo	u,	
Though it may be you will find some grief	in it. To wood moral 3	
IOKASTE. What is it? How can it touch us in bot	h ways?	
MESSENGER. The word is that the people of the	Isthmus	30
Intend to call Oedipus to be their king.		
IOKASTE. But old King Polybos—is he not reign	ing still?	
MESSENGER. No. Death holds him in his sepulch	nre.	
IOKASTE. What are you saying? Polybos is dead?		
MESSENGER. If I am not telling the truth, may I	die myself.	35
IOKASTE (to a Maidservant). Go in, go quickly; t	ell this to your master.	
O riddlers of God's will, where are you now	v!	
This was the man whom Oedipus, long ago		
Feared so, fled so, in dread of destroying h	im—	
But it was another fate by which he died.	of to swan structor.	40

(Enter Oedipus, center.)

OEDIPUS. Dearest Iokaste, why have you sent for me?

IOKASTE. Listen to what this man says, and then tell me
What has become of the solemn prophecies.

OEDIPUS. Who is this man? What is his news for me?

IOKASTE. He has come from Corinth to announce your father's
death!

OEDIPUS. Is it true, stranger? Tell me in your own words.

MESSENGER. I can not say it more clearly: the king is dead.

OEDIPUS. Was it by treason? Or by an attack of illness?

MESSENGER. A little thing brings old men to their rest.

OEDIPUS. It was sickness, then?

MESSENGER. Yes, and his many years. 50

OEDIPUS. Ah!

Why should a man respect the Pythian hearth,<sup>25</sup> or

Give heed to the birds that jangle above his head?

10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup>Delphi

They prophesied that I should kill Polybos, Kill my own father; but he is dead and buried, And I am here—I never touched him, never, Unless he died of grief for my departure, And thus, in a sense, through me. No. Polybos Has packed the oracles off with him underground. They are empty words.	55
IOKASTE. Had I not told you so?	60
OEDIPUS. You had; it was my faint heart that betrayed me.	
IOKASTE. From now on never think of those things again.	
OEDIPUS. And yet—must I not fear my mother's bed?	
IOKASTE. Why should anyone in this world be afraid	
Since Fate rules us and nothing can be foreseen?	65
A man should live only for the present day.	
Have no more four of electing with your mathers	
Have no more fear of sleeping with your mother:	
How many men, in dreams, have lain with their mothers!  No reasonable man is troubled by such things.	
OEDIPUS. That is true, only—	=0
If only my mother were not still alive!	70
But she is alive. I can not help my dread.	
IOKASTE. Yet this news of your father's death is wonderful.	
OEDIPUS. Wonderful. But I fear the living woman.	
MESSENGER. Tell me, who is this woman that you fear?	75
OEDIPUS. It is Merope, man; the wife of King Polybos.	
MESSENGER. Merope? Why should you be afraid of her?	
OEDIPUS. An oracle of the gods, a dreadful saying.	
MESSENGER. Can you tell me about it or are you sworn to silence?	0.0
OEDIPUS. I can tell you, and I will.	80
Apollo said through his prophet that I was the man	
Who should marry his own mother, shed his father's blood	
With his own hands. And so, for all these years	
I have kept clear of Corinth, and no harm has come—	UTIO
Though it would have been sweet to see my parents again.	85
MESSENGER. And is this the fear that drove you out of Corinth?	
OEDIPUS. Would you have me kill my father?	
MESSENGER. As for that	
You must be reassured by the news I gave you.	
OEDIPUS. If you could reassure me, I would reward you.	
MESSENGER. I had that in mind, I will confess: I thought	90
I could count on you when you returned to Corinth.	

OEDIPUS. No. I will never go near my parents again. MESSENGER. Ah, son, you still do not know what you are doing-OEDIPUS. What do you mean? In the name of God tell me! MESSENGER. —If these are your reasons for not going home. OEDIPUS. I tell you, I fear the oracle may come true. MESSENGER. And guilt may come upon you through your parents? OEDIPUS. That is the dread that is always in my heart. MESSENGER. Can you not see that all your fears are groundless? OEDIPUS. Groundless? Am I not my parents' son? MESSENGER. Polybos was not your father. Not my father? OEDIPUS. MESSENGER. No more your father than the man speaking to you. OEDIPUS. But you are nothing to me! Neither was he. MESSENGER. OEDIPUS. Then why did he call me son? I will tell you: MESSENGER. Long ago he had you from my hands, as a gift. OEDIPUS. Then how could he love me so, if I was not his? MESSENGER. He had no children, and his heart turned to you. OEDIPUS. What of you? Did you buy me? Did you find me by chance? MESSENGER. I came upon you in the woody vales of Kithairon. OEDIPUS. And what were you doing there? Tending my flocks. 110 MESSENGER. OEDIPUS. A wandering shepherd? But your savior, son, that day. MESSENGER. OEDIPUS. From what did you save me? Your ankles should tell you that. MESSENGER. OEDIPUS. Ah, stranger, why do you speak of that childhood pain? MESSENGER. I pulled the skewer that pinned your feet together. OEDIPUS. I have had the mark as long as I can remember. 115 MESSENGER. That was why you were given the name<sup>26</sup> you bear. OEDIPUS. God! Was it my father or my mother who did it? Tell me! I do not know. The man who gave you to me MESSENGER. Can tell you better than I. OEDIPUS. It was not you that found me, but another? MESSENGER. It was another shepherd gave you to me. OEDIPUS. Who was he? Can you tell me who he was? MESSENGER. I think he was said to be one of Laios' people.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup>Oedipus means "swollen foot."

OEDIPUS. You mean the Laios who was king here years ago? MESSENGER. Yes; King Laios; and the man was one of his herdsmen. 125 OEDIPUS. Is he still alive? Can I see him? MESSENGER. These men here Know best about such things. OEDIPUS. Does anyone here Know this shepherd that he is talking about? Have you seen him in the fields, or in the town? If you have, tell me. It is time things were made plain. CHORAGOS. I think the man he means is that same shepherd You have already asked to see. Iokaste perhaps Could tell you something. OEDIPUS. Do you know anything About him, Lady? Is he the man we have summoned? Is that the man this shepherd means? **IOKASTE.** Why think of him? 135 Forget this herdsman. Forget it all. This talk is a waste of time. OEDIPUS. How can you say that, When the clues to my true birth are in my hands? IOKASTE. For God's love, let us have no more questioning! Is your life nothing to you? 140 My own is pain enough for me to bear. OEDIPUS. You need not worry. Suppose my mother a slave, And born of slaves: no baseness can touch you. IOKASTE. Listen to me, I beg you: do not do this thing! OEDIPUS. I will not listen; the truth must be made known. IOKASTE. Everything that I say is for your own good! OEDIPUS. My own good Snaps my patience, then; I want none of it. IOKASTE. You are fatally wrong! May you never learn who you are! OEDIPUS. Go, one of you, and bring the shepherd here. Let us leave this woman to brag of her royal name. 150 IOKASTE. Ah, miserable! That is the only word I have for you now. That is the only word I can ever have. (Exit into the palace.) CHORAGOS. Why has she left us, Oedipus? Why has she gone In such a passion of sorrow? I fear this silence: 155 Something dreadful may come of it.

OEDIPUS.

Let it come!

However base my birth, I must know about it. The Queen, like a woman, is perhaps ashamed To think of my low origin. But I

Am a child of Luck, I can not be dishonored.

Luck is my mother; the passing months, my brothers,

Have seen me rich and poor.

If this is so,

160

How could I wish that I were someone else? How could I not be glad to know my birth?

#### ODE 3

#### Strophe

CHORUS. If ever the coming time were known

To my heart's pondering,

Kithairon, now by Heaven I see the torches

At the festival of the next full moon

And see the dance, and hear the choir sing

A grace to your gentle shade:

Mountain where Oedipus was found,

O mountain guard of a noble race!

May the god<sup>27</sup> who heals us lend his aid,

And let that glory come to pass

For our king's cradling-ground.

# Antistrophe

Of the nymphs that flower beyond the years,
Who bore you, royal child,
To Pan<sup>28</sup> of the hills or the timberline Apollo,
Cold in delight where the upland clears,
Or Hermes<sup>29</sup> for whom Kyllene's<sup>30</sup> heights are piled?
Or flushed as evening cloud,

<sup>27</sup>Apollo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup>God of nature, shepherds, and fertility; associated with lechery, and often represented as half-man, half-goat.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup>Messenger of the gods.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup>Mountain that was birthplace of Hermes.

Great Dionysos,<sup>31</sup> roamer of mountains, He—was it he who found you there, And caught you up in his own proud Arms from the sweet god-ravisher Who laughed by the Muses'32 fountains? SCENE 4 OEDIPUS. Sirs: though I do not know the man, I think I see him coming, this shepherd we want: He is old, like our friend here, and the men Bringing him seem to be servants of my house. But you can tell, if you have ever seen him. 5 (Enter Shepherd escorted by Servants.) CHORAGOS. I know him, he was Laios' man. You can trust him. OEDIPUS. Tell me first, you from Corinth: is this the shepherd We were discussing? This is the very man. MESSENGER. OEDIPUS (to Shepherd). Come here. No, look at me. You must answer Everything I ask.—You belonged to Laios? SHEPHERD. Yes: born his slave, brought up in his house. OEDIPUS. Tell me: what kind of work did you do for him? SHEPHERD. I was a shepherd of his, most of my life. OEDIPUS. Where mainly did you go for pasturage? SHEPHERD. Sometimes Kithairon, sometimes the hills near-by. 15 OEDIPUS. Do you remember ever seeing this man out there? SHEPHERD. What would he be doing there? This man? OEDIPUS. This man standing here. Have you ever seen him before? SHEPHERD. At least, not to my recollection. MESSENGER. And that is not strange, my lord. But I'll refresh His memory: he must remember when we two Spent three whole seasons together, March to September, On Kithairon or thereabouts. He had two flocks; I had one. Each autumn I'd drive mine home And he would go back with his to Laios' sheepfold.— 25 Is this not true, just as I have described it?

31Another name for Bacchus.

SHEPHERD. True, yes; but it was all so long ago.

MESSENGER. Well, then: do you remember, back in those days,

That you gave me a baby boy to bring up as my own?

SHEPHERD. What if I did? What are you trying to say?

MESSENGER. King Oedipus was once that little child.

SHEPHERD. Damn you, hold your tongue!

OEDIPUS.

No more of that!

It is your tongue needs watching, not this man's.

SHEPHERD. My king, my master, what is it I have done wrong?

OEDIPUS. You have not answered his question about the boy.

SHEPHERD. He does not know . . . He is only making trouble . . .

OEDIPUS. Come, speak plainly, or it will go hard with you.

SHEPHERD. In God's name, do not torture an old man!

OEDIPUS. Come here, one of you; bind his arms behind him.

SHEPHERD. Unhappy king! What more do you wish to learn?

OEDIPUS. Did you give this man the child he speaks of?

SHEPHERD.

I did.

And I would to God I had died that very day.

OEDIPUS. You will die now unless you speak the truth.

SHEPHERD. Yet if I speak the truth, I am worse than dead.

OEDIPUS (to Attendant). He intends to draw it out, apparently—

SHEPHERD. No! I have told you already that I gave him the boy.

OEDIPUS. Where did you get him? From your house?

From somewhere else?

SHEPHERD. Not from mine, no. A man gave him to me.

OEDIPUS. Is that man here? Whose house did he belong to?

SHEPHERD. For God's love, my king, do not ask me any more!

OEDIPUS. You are a dead man if I have to ask you again.

SHEPHERD. Then . . . Then the child was from the palace of Laios.

OEDIPUS. A slave child? or a child of his own line?

SHEPHERD. Ah, I am on the brink of dreadful speech!

OEDIPUS. And I of dreadful hearing. Yet I must hear.

55

SHEPHERD. If you must be told, then . . .

They said it was Laios' child;

But in dread of prophecies . . . 60

45

But it is your wife who can tell you about that.

OEDIPUS. My wife—Did she give it to you?

SHEPHERD. My lord, she did.

OEDIPUS. Do you know why?

SHEPHERD. I was told to get rid of it.

OEDIPUS. Oh heartless mother!

SHEPHERD.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup>Group of sister goddesses, patrons of poetry, music, art, and sciences.

OEDIPUS. Tell me.	
SHEPHERD. It was said that the boy would kill his own father.	
OEDIPUS. Then why did you give him over to this old man?	
SHEPHERD. I pitied the baby, my king,	
And I thought that this man would take him far away	
To his own country.  He saved him—but for what a fate!	-
For if you are what this man says you are,	65
No man living is more wretched than Oedipus.	
OEDIPUS. Ah God!	
It was true!	
All the prophecies!	
—Now,	
O Light, may I look on you for the last time!	70
I, Oedipus,	
Oedipus, damned in his birth, in his marriage damned, Damned in the blood he shed with his own hand!	
Dannied in the blood he shed with his own hand:	
(He rushes into the palace.)	
ODE 4	
ODE T	
Strophe 1	
CHORUS. Alas for the seed of men.	
What measure shall I give these generations	
That breathe on the void and are void	
And exist and do not exist?	
Who bears more weight of joy	5
Than mass of sunlight shifting in images,	
Or who shall make his thought stay on	
That down time drifts away?	

# Antistrophe 1

Your splendor is all fallen.

O change of Oedipus!

O naked brow of wrath and tears,

Your great days like ghosts gone.

I who saw your days call no man blest-

That mind was a strong bow.

Deep, how deep you drew it then, hard archer,

At a dim fearful range,

And brought dear glory down!

You overcame the stranger<sup>33</sup>—
The virgin with her hooking lion claws—
And though death sang, stood like a tower
To make pale Thebes take heart.
Fortress against our sorrow!
True king, giver of laws,
Majestic Oedipus!
No prince in Thebes had ever such renown,
25
No prince won such grace of power.

# Strophe 2

And now of all men ever known

Most pitiful is this man's story:

His fortunes are most changed; his state

Fallen to a low slave's

Ground under bitter fate.

O Oedipus, most royal one!

The great door<sup>34</sup> that expelled you to the light

Gave at night—ah, gave night to your glory:

As to the father, to the fathering son.

All understood too late.

How could that queen whom Laios won,

The garden that he harrowed at his height,

Be silent when that act was done?

# Antistrophe 2

But all eyes fail before time's eye,

All actions come to justice there.

Though never willed, though far down the deep past,
Your bed, your dread sirings,
Are brought to book at last.

Child by Laios doomed to die,

Then doomed to lose that fortunate little death,
Would God you never took breath in this air
That with my wailing lips I take to cry:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup>The Sphinx

<sup>34</sup>Iokasate's womb

For I weep the world's outcast. I was blind, and now I can tell why: Asleep, for you had given ease of breath To Thebes, while the false years went by.

#### EXODOS35

Enter, from the palace, Second Messenger.

SECOND MESSENGER. Elders of Thebes, most honored in this land,
What horrors are yours to see and hear, what weight
Of sorrow to be endured, if, true to your birth,
You venerate the line of Labdakos!
I think neither Istros nor Phasis, those great rivers,
Could purify this place of all the evil
It shelters now, or soon must bring to light—
Evil not done unconsciously, but willed.

The greatest griefs are those we cause ourselves.

CHORAGOS. Surely, friend, we have grief enough already;
What new sorrow do you mean?

SECOND MESSENGER. The queen is dead.

CHORAGOS. O miserable queen! But at whose hand?

SECOND MESSENGER. Her own.
The full horror of what happened you can not know,
For you did not see it; but I, who did, will tell you

As clearly as I can how she met her death.

When she had left us,
In passionate silence, passing through the court,
She ran to her apartment in the house,
Her hair clutched by the fingers of both hands.
She closed the doors behind her; then, by that bed
Where long ago the fatal son was conceived—
That son who should bring about his father's death—
We heard her call upon Laios, dead so many years,
And heard her wail for the double fruit of her marriage,
A husband by her husband, children by her child.

15

Exactly how she died I do not know: For Oedipus burst in moaning and would not let us Keep vigil to the end: it was by him As he stormed about the room that our eyes were caught. From one to another of us he went, begging a sword, 30 Hunting the wife who was not his wife, the mother Whose womb had carried his own children and himself. I do not know: it was none of us aided him. But surely one of the gods was in control! For with a dreadful cry He hurled his weight, as though wrenched out of himself, At the twin doors: the bolts gave, and he rushed in. And there we saw her hanging, her body swaying From the cruel cord she had noosed about her neck. A great sob broke from him, heartbreaking to hear, 40 As he loosed the rope and lowered her to the ground. I would blot out from my mind what happened next! For the king ripped from her gown the golden brooches That were her ornament, and raised them, and plunged them down Straight into his own eyeballs, crying, "No more, No more shall you look on the misery about me, The horrors of my own doing! Too long you have known The faces of those whom I should never have seen, Too long been blind to those for whom I was searching! From this hour, go in darkness!" And as he spoke, He struck at his eyes—not once, but many times; And the blood spattered his beard, Bursting from his ruined sockets like red hail. So from the unhappiness of two this evil has sprung, A curse on the man and woman alike. The old 55 Happiness of the house of Labdakos Was happiness enough: where is it today? It is all wailing and ruin, disgrace, death—all The misery of mankind that has a name— And it is wholly and for ever theirs. CHORAGOS. Is he in agony still? Is there no rest for him? SECOND MESSENGER. He is calling for someone to open the doors wide So that all the children of Kadmos may look upon

His father's murderer, his mother's—no,

<sup>35</sup>Final scene

I can not say it!	CHORAGOS. This is not strange.
And then he will leave Thebes, 65 Self-exiled, in order that the curse Which he himself pronounced may depart from the house.	You suffer it all twice over, remorse in pain, Pain in remorse.
He is weak, and there is none to lead him, So terrible is his suffering.	Antistrophe 1
Look, the doors are opening; in a moment You will see a thing that would crush a heart of stone.  But you will see:  70	OEDIPUS. Ah dear friend  Are you faithful even yet, you alone?  Are you still standing near me, will you stay here,
(The central door is opened; Oedipus, blinded, is led in.)	Patient, to care for the blind?  The blind man!
CHORAGOS. Dreadful indeed for men to see.	Yet even blind I know who it is attends me,
Never have my own eyes	De di
Looked on a sight so full of fear.	Though my new darkness hide the comforter.
	CHORAGOS. Oh fearful act!
Oedipus!	What god was it drove you to rake black
What madness came upon you, what demon	Night across your eyes?
Leaped on your life with heavier	
Punishment than a mortal man can bear?	Strophe 2
No: I can not even	THE PROPERTY OF
Look at you, poor ruined one.	OEDIPUS. Apollo. Apollo. Dear
And I would speak, question, ponder.	Children, the god was Apollo.
If I were able. No.	He brought my sick, sick fate upon me.
You make me shudder.	But the blinding hand was my own!
OEDIPUS. God. God.	How could I bear to see
Is there a sorrow greater?	When all my sight was horror everywhere?
where shall I find harbor in this world?	CHORAGOS. Everywhere; that is true.  OEDIPUS. And now what is left?
My voice is hurled far on a dark wind.	
What has God done to me?	Images? Love? A greeting even,
CHORAGOS. Too terrible to think of, or to see.	Sweet to the senses? Is there anything?  Ah, no, friends: lead me away.  120
	Lead me away from Thebes.
Strophe 1	Lead the great wreck
OEDIPUS. O cloud of night,	And hell of Oedipus, whom the gods hate.
Never to be turned assessed to 1	CHORAGOS. Your misery, you are not blind to that.
Never to be turned away: night coming on,	Would God you had never found it out!
I can not tell how: night like a shroud!  My fair winds brought me here.	Todad God you mad never found it out.
	Antistrophe 2
The pain of the spikes where I had sight,	Beyond enemal coul.
The flooding pain	OEDIPUS. Death take the man who unbound 125
Of memory, never to be gouged out.	My feet on that hillside
,, and to be gouged out.	And delivered me from death to life! What life?

If only I had died,	
This weight of monstrous doom  Could not have dragged me and my darlings down.	120
CHORAGOS. I would have wished the same.	130
OEDIPUS. Oh never to have come here	
With my father's blood upon me! Never	
To have been the man they call his mother's husband!	
Oh accurst! Oh child of evil,	135
To have entered that wretched bed—the selfsame one!	11/4
More primal than sin itself, this fell to me.	
CHORAGOS. I do not know what words to offer you.	
You were better dead than alive and blind.	
OEDIPUS. Do not counsel me any more. This punishment	140
That I have laid upon myself is just.	
If I had eyes,	
I do not know how I could bear the sight	
Of my father, when I came to the house of Death,	
Or my mother: for I have sinned against them both	145
So vilely that I could not make my peace	
By strangling my own life.	
Or do you think my children,	
Born as they were born, would be sweet to my eyes?	
Ah never, never! Nor this town with its high walls,	
Nor the holy images of the gods.	off.
For I,	150
Thrice miserable!—Oedipus, noblest of all the line	
Of Kadmos, have condemned myself to enjoy	
These things no more, by my own malediction  Expelling that man whom the gods declared	
To be a defilement in the house of Laios.	155
After exposing the rankness of my own guilt,	155
How could I look men frankly in the eyes?	
No, I swear it,	
If I could have stifled my hearing at its source,	
I would have done it and made all this body	160
A tight cell of misery, blank to light and sound:	
So I should have been safe in my dark mind	
Beyond external evil.	
Ah Kithairon!	
Why did you shelter me? When I was cast upon you,	
Why did I not die? Then I should never	165
Have shown the world my execrable birth.	

Ah Polybos! Corinth, city that I believed The ancient seat of my ancestors: how fair I seemed, your child! And all the while this evil Was cancerous within me! For I am sick 170 In my own being, sick in my origin. O three roads, dark ravine, woodland and way Where three roads met; you, drinking my father's blood, My own blood, spilled by my own hand: can you remember The unspeakable things I did there, and the things 175 I went on from there to do? O marriage, marriage! The act that engendered me, and again the act Performed by the son in the same bed-Ah, the net Of incest, mingling fathers, brothers, sons, With brides, wives, mothers: the last evil That can be known by men: no tongue can say How evil! No. For the love of God, conceal me Somewhere far from Thebes; or kill me; or hurl me Into the sea, away from men's eyes for ever. Come, lead me. You need nor fear to touch me. Of all men, I alone can bear this guilt. (Enter Kreon.) CHORAGOS. Kreon is here now. As to what you ask, He may decide the course to take. He only Is left to protect the city in your place. OEDIPUS. Alas, how can I speak to him? What right have To beg his courtesy whom I have deeply wronged? KREON. I have not come to mock you, Oedipus, Or to reproach you, either. You, standing there: (To Attendants.)— If you have lost all respect for man's dignity, At least respect the flame of Lord Helios:36 Do not allow this pollution to show itself Openly here, an affront to the earth

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup>Helios: sun god.

You are the only father my daughters have,

And Heaven's rain and the light of day. No, take him	And will you let me touch them with my hands
Into the house as quickly as you can.	A last time, and let us weep together?
For it is proper	Be kind, my lord,
That only the close kindred see his grief.	Great prince, be kind!
OEDIPUS. I pray you in God's name, since your courtesy	Could I but touch them,
Ignores my dark expectation, visiting	They would be mine again, as when I had my eyes. 240
With mercy this man of all men most execrable:	Great privee and give me wan band in tolon of it.
Give me what I ask—for your good, not for mine.	(Enter Antigone and Ismene, attended.)
KREON. And what is it that you turn to me begging for?	Ah, God!
OEDIPUS. Drive me out of this country as quickly as may be	Is it my dearest children I hear weeping?
To a place where no human voice can ever greet me.	Has Kreon pitied me and sent my daughters?
KREON. I should have done that before now—only,	KREON. Yes, Oedipus: I knew that they were dear to you
God's will had not been wholly revealed to me.	In the old days, and know you must love them still.
OEDIPUS. But his command is plain: the parricide	OEDIPUS. May God bless you for this—and be a friendlier
Must be destroyed. I am that evil man.	Guardian to you than he has been to me!
KREON. That is the sense of it, yes; but as things are,	PUS. I music but it is band.
We had best discover clearly what is to be done.	Children, where are you?
OEDIPUS. You would learn more about a man like me?	Come quickly to my hands: they are your brother's—
KREON. You are ready now to listen to the god.	Hands that have brought your father's once clear eyes 250
OEDIPUS. I will listen. But it is to you	To this way of seeing—
That I must turn for help. I beg you, hear me.	Ah dearest ones,
lang the selection from room's eyes for even-	I had neither sight nor knowledge then, your father
The woman is there—	By the woman who was the source of his own life!
Give her whatever funeral you think proper:	And I weep for you—having no strength to see you—,
She is your sister.	I weep for you when I think of the bitterness 255
—But let me go, Kreon!	That men will visit upon you all your lives.
Let me purge my father's Thebes of the pollution	What homes, what festivals can you attend
Of my living here, and go out to the wild hills,	Without being forced to depart again in tears?
To Kithairon, that has won such fame with me,	And when you come to marriageable age,
The tomb my mother and father appointed for me, 225	Where is the man, my daughters, who would dare 260
And let me die there, as they willed I should.	Risk the bane that lies on all my children?
And yet I know	Is there any evil wanting? Your father killed
Death will not ever come to me through sickness	His father; sowed the womb of her who bore him;
Or in any natural way: I have been preserved	Engendered you at the fount of his own existence!
For some unthinkable fate. But let that be.	That is what they will say of you.
	This is the king who solved the famous ribilic
As for my sons, you need not care for them.	Then, whom 265
They are men, they will find some way to live.	Can you ever marry? There are no bridegrooms for you,
But my poor daughters, who have shared my table,	And your lives must wither away in sterile dreaming.
Who never before have been parted from their father—	
Take care of them, Kreon; do this for me.	O Kreon, son of Menoikeus!

Since we, their parents, are both of us gone for ever. They are your own blood: you will not let them Fall into beggary and loneliness; You will keep them from the miseries that are mine! Take pity on them; see, they are only children, Friendless except for you. Promise me this, Great prince, and give me your hand in token of it.

### (Kreon clasps his right hand.)

#### Children:

I could say much, if you could understand me,

But as it is, I have only this prayer for you:

Live where you can, be as happy as you can—

Happier, please God, than God has made your father.

KREON. Enough. You have wept enough. Now go within.

OEDIPUS. I must, but it is hard.

KREON.

Time eases all things.

OEDIPUS. You know my mind, then?

KREON.

Say what you desire.

OFDIPUS. Send me from Thebes!

KREON.

God grant that I may! 285

OEDIPUS. But since God hates me . . .

KREON.

No, he will grant your wish.

OEDIPUS. You promise?

KREON. I can not speak beyond my knowledge.

OEDIPUS. Then lead me in.

KREON. Come now, and leave your children.

OEDIPUS. No! Do not take them from me!

KREON.

Think no longer

That you are in command here, but rather think

How, when you were, you served your own destruction.

(Exeunt into the house all but the Chorus; the Choragos chants directly to the audience.)

CHORAGOS. Men of Thebes: look upon Oedipus.

This is the king who solved the famous riddle

And towered up, most powerful of men.

No mortal eyes but looked on him with envy,

Yet in the end ruin swept over him.

Let every man in mankind's frailty Consider his last day; and let none Presume on his good fortune until he find Life, at his death, a memory without pain.

[C. 430 B.C.E.]

300