# STEPHANIE ERICSSON

# The Ways We Lie

A screenwriter and advertising copywriter, Stephanie Ericsson, born books, including Companion through the Darkness: Inner Dialogues in 1953 and raised in San Francisco, is also an author of self-help of lying into the different kinds of lies we tell but also manages to pull Reader. Consider, as you read, how Ericsson breaks down the activity on Grief (1993). "The Ways We Lie" originally appeared in the Utne together the different sections of her essay to make a larger point about the role lying plays in our lives and our culture.

even though I hadn't written a check yet. It'd been a rough day The bank called today and I told them my deposit was in the mail, room couch with lipstick, the IRS put me on hold for an hour, and for two hours, our three-year-old daughter painted the living-The baby I'm pregnant with decided to do aerobics on my lungs I was late to a business meeting because I was tired.

friend called and wanted to take me to lunch. I said I was busy. ter than mine, so when he asked, "How was your day?" I said, came home, his haggard face told me his day hadn't gone any betguilty about. Four lies in the course of a day, none of which I felt the least bit "Oh, fine," knowing that one more straw might break his back. A I told my client that traffic had been bad. When my partner

people, I indulge in small falsehoods and still think of myself keep secrets, we justify lying to the big-guy institutions. Like most as an honest person. Sure I lie, but it doesn't hurt anything. Or frontation, we spare people's feelings, we conveniently forget, we We lie. We all do. We exaggerate, we minimize, we avoid con-

paralyzing. I discovered that telling the truth all the time is nearly impossible. It means living with some serious consequences: The I once tried going a whole week without telling a lie, and it was

> when I tell him about my travails, my client fires me for telling ally when I say I'm not hungry. There must be some merit to her I didn't feel like being on time, and my friend takes it personbank charges me \$60 in overdraft fees, my partner keels over

cannot seem to escape the voice deep inside me that tells me: try? Saying it's okay to lie one way and not another is hedging. I politicians or the corporate robbers who raided the S&L indus-When someone lies, someone loses. But if I justify lying, what makes me any different from slick

sult of my lie? Will someone's trust be destroyed? Will someone else pay my penance because I ducked out? We must consider misdemeanors all carry meanings. Webster's definition of lie is the meaning of our actions. Deception, lies, capital crimes, and What far-reaching consequences will I, or others, pay as a re-

- 1. a false statement or action especially made with the intent to
- 2. anything that gives or is meant to give a false impression.

tell a lie. Here are just a few. A definition like this implies that there are many, many ways to

## THE WHITE LIE

A man who won't lie to a woman has very little consideration for her feelings. —BERGEN EVANS

a simple, harmless untruth. Telling a friend he looks great when a compliment more than a frank opinion. But, in effect, it is the he looks like hell can be based on a decision that the friend needs liar deciding what is best for the lied to. Ultimately, it is a vote of The white lie assumes that the truth will cause more damage than no confidence. It is an act of subtle arrogance for anyone to

decide what is best for someone else. would receive indefinite compensation instead of the lump-sum killed in action but listed him as missing so that the man's family instance, the sergeant in Vietnam who knew one of his men was Yet not all circumstances are quite so cut-and-dried. Take, for

unable to move on to a new life. pittance the military gives widows and children. His intent was honorable. Yet for twenty years this family kept their hopes alive,

### FAÇADES

Et tu, Brute? — CAESAR

get the kid off to school, and sit at my computer in my pajamas suits rather than sweatpants. But I'm a writer. Normally, I get up, suit to go to see a client, I feel as though I am putting on another thinks I'm wearing a suit (though the UPS man knows better). until four in the afternoon. When I answer the phone, the caller face, obeying the expectation that serious businesspeople wear We all put up façades to one degree or another. When I put on a

reasonable excuses, including in-depth descriptions of the big me. He turned out to be all talk and no walk. I heard a plethora of did some business with him, and the time came for him to pay mer friend was a liar. He presented himself with all the right others into an illusion. For instance, I recently realized that a forand tried to convince me that I'd heard him wrong, that he'd theories, fabulous books to read, and fascinating insights. Then I looks and the right words and offered lots of new consciousness made no commitment to me. A simple investigation into his past hundred bucks. When I confronted him, he raised both eyebrows break around the corner. In six months of work, I saw less than a revealed a crowded graveyard of disenchanted former friends But façades can be destructive because they are used to seduce

# IGNORING THE PLAIN FACTS

Well, you must understand that Father Porter is only human

authorities simply moved him from one parish to another bedren. Rather than relieving him of his duties, the ecclesiastical complaints that Father James Porter was sexually molesting chil-In the '60s, the Catholic Church in Massachusetts began hearing

> sion, Porter may have abused as many as a hundred children. until he was relieved of his duties a year later. By his own admisobsession with children, but they needed priests and recklessly treatment in 1967 for pedophilia, he went back to work, this time of unsuspecting families and innocent children to abuse. After tween 1960 and 1967, actually providing him with a fresh supply believed treatment had cured him. More children were abused in Minnesota. The new diocese was aware of Father Porter's

scious covering for Porter created irreparable consequences. The done with the intent to deceive, then the Catholic Church's conchurch became a co-perpetrator with Porter. but consider the context of this situation. If a lie is a fulse action Ignoring the facts may not in and of itself be a form of lying,

## DEFLECTING

When you have no basis for an argument, abuse the plainiff.

effective way of hiding. hide; I just let people assume I'm revealing everything. It's an intimate issues, but I never bring up the things I truly want to being selectively blatant. I set a precedent of being up-front about I've discovered that I can keep anyone from seeing the true me by

away with it. unlike sexual harassment, which still rewards those who can get maneuver. Racism is now politically incorrect in official circles offensive and accused the country of racism. It was a brilliant radioactive subject. Rather than defending himself, he took the he simply switched the focus from a highly charged subject to a accusations that the Senate hearings were a "high-tech lynching," deflect attention from it. When Clarence Thomas exploded with Any good liar knows that the way to perpetuate an untruth is to 15

of frustration. The trap is sprung and the act of deflection successrespond to the accusations. This you-don't-exist stance infuriates people who, when accused of inappropriate behavior, refuse to ful, because now the passive-aggressive person can indignantly the accuser, who, understandably, screams something obscene out Some of the most skilled deflectors are passive-aggressive

STEREOTYPES AND CLICHÉS

say, "Who can talk to someone as unreasonable as you?" The real issue is forgotten and the sins of the original victim become the women, and what I've learned is that the real culprit is not neces. technique work thousands of times in disputes between men and and crawls into a hole, ashamed. I have watched this fighting focus. Feeling guilty of name-calling, the victim is fully tamed sarily the one who swears the loudest.

> and all originality is discouraged. — BERTRAND RUSSELL Where opinion does not exist, the status quo becomes stereotyped

nately, it often shuts down original thinking, giving those hungry made the stereotype vital to modern communication. Unfortu-Our need for vast amounts of information in nanoseconds has Stereotype and cliché serve a purpose as a form of shorthand.

meal. The stereotype explains a situation with just enough truth for the truth a candy bar of misinformation instead of a balanced

### OMISSION

The cruelest lies are often told in silence. —R. L. STEVENSON

Omission involves telling most of the truth minus one or two key difference in how a person lives his or her life? a rowdy game of basketball. Who hasn't tried something like new pair, without mentioning that the first pair broke during pair of glasses that are guaranteed under normal use and get a facts whose absence changes the story completely. You break a that? But what about omission of information that could make a

another woman in the Garden of Eden before Eve. I was stunned equal counterpart, Lilith, redefines all of Judeo-Christian history, well as her demonization by ancient misogynists as an embodithe tradition that Adam was created out of the same mud as his found out my mother was really my stepmother. To take seriously ment of female evil--felt like spiritual robbery. I felt like I'd just The omission of the Sumerian goddess Lilith from Genesis—as For instance, one day I found out that rabbinical legends tell of

Some renegade Catholic feminists introduced me to a view of

exaggeration, omission, and ignorance. They are always dangerto seem unquestionable. curiosity. They close minds and separate people. The single ous. They take a single tree and make it a landscape. They destroy on and fueled by the stereotype and the cliché, which are lies of stereotypes. Fat people, ugly people, beautiful people, old people, could tell you how much of his identity is obliterated daily by mother on welfare is assumed to be cheating. Any black male and said, "I'm a truck driver, and I never cuss." Needless to say, I mouth like a truck driver. Much to my surprise, a man stood up want to think. I once admitted to a group of people that I had a less all could tell you how much more they are like us than we large-breasted women, short men, the mentally ill, and the homewas humbled. All the "isms"—racism, sexism, ageism, et al.—are founded

negotiations, and when this failed, said adios and left the Garden proud goddess who defied Adam's need to control her, attempted this strong goddess was seen only as a spirit of evil. Lilith was a Lilith that had been suppressed during the many centuries when

## GROUPTHINK

afraid of the light? — MAURICE FREEHILL Who is more foolish, the child afraid of the dark, or the man

of Lilith from Western religions and starting the story with Eve egy to keep women weak. Omitting the strong-woman archetype they were the lesser sex for thousands of years. the Rib has helped keep Christian and Jewish women believing This omission of Lilith from the Bible was a patriarchal strat-

which loyalty to the group has become more important than any psychological phenomenon within decision-making groups in Irving Janis, in Victims of Group Think, defines this sort of lie as a memory, omission, and denial, to name a few. combination of other forms of lying-ignoring facts, selective in a corporation, you've encountered groupthink. It requires a natives are suppressed. If you've ever worked on a committee or other value, with the result that dissent and the appraisal of alter-

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stereotypes said the Japanese weren't smart enough to invent a the United States' most important base. On the other hand, racist was invulnerable—the Japanese weren't stupid enough to attack operation. The navy command in Hawaii assumed Pearl Harbor after another, that Japan was preparing for a massive military docked in 30 feet); after all, US technology hadn't been able to torpedo effective in less than 60 feet of water (the fleet was 1941. From as early as the fall of 1941, the warnings came in, one The textbook example of groupthink came on December 7,

group considered the alternatives. The rest is history. good-ole-boy cohesiveness of the US command in Hawaii, the consulate in Hawaii was busy burning papers. Within the tight, all the commanders at Pearl Harbor, even though the Japanese myth of invulnerability stayed well entrenched. No one in the On Friday, December 5, normal weekend leave was granted to

## **OUT-AND-OUT LIES**

The only form of lying that is beyond reproach is lying for its own sake. — OSCAR WILDE

At least I can trust the bald-faced lie. I once asked my five-year-old get tired of trying to figure out the real meanings behind things. answered, "The murderers." Who could argue? nephew, "Who broke the fence?" (I had seen him do it.) He Of all the ways to lie, I like this one the best, probably because I

doesn't try to refashion reality, it tries to refute it. Read my form of lying, there would be no such things as floating anxiety or lips.... No sleight of hand. No guessing. If this were the only lie doesn't toy with my perceptions—it argues with them. It As the person who is lied to, I know where I stand. The bald-faced the adult-children-of-alcoholics movement At least when this sort of lie is told it can be easily confronted

## DISMISSAL

Pay no attention to that man behind the curtain! I am the Great Oz! — THE WIZARD OF OZ

kind of lie that can do as much damage to a person as any other ings, perceptions, or even the raw facts of a situation ranks as a Dismissal is perhaps the slipperiest of all lies. Dismissing feelkind of lie.

she is a tot that her perceptions are inaccurate. "Mommy, I'm course you like him. You go over there right now and be nice he makes me feel icky." "Johnny, that's a terrible thing to say, of scared." "No you're not, darling." "I don't like that man next door, dismissal of reality. Imagine that a person is told from the time The roots of many mental disorders can be traced back to the

very early age. Each of the patients started out with an accurate grasp of reality, which, through meticulous and methodical disdeliberate, staunch dismissal of the patient's perceptions from a mon thread that ran through all of the families he studied was a trust was catatonia. missal, was demolished until the only reality the patient could his investigation into the families of schizophrenics. The comthis hypothesis in Sanity, Madness and the Family, an account of reaction to an insane world. Psychologist R. D. Laing supports I've often mused over the idea that madness is actually a sane

would get to eat dinner. But we must be careful and attentive dangerous tool, because it's nothing less than a lie. about how far we take our "necessary" dismissals. Dismissal is a from the parents would require so much energy that no one sometimes are dismissed out of necessity. Absolute attention who have just learned to manipulate their parents' attention for forgiving the foibles of others in our day-to-day lives. Toddlers Dismissal runs the gamut. Mild dismissal can be quite handy

## **DELUSION**

We lie loudest when we lie to ourselves. —ERIC HOFFER

missal, is the tendency to see excuses as facts. It's a powerful lying drinking offer the classic example of deluded thinking. Delusion want to believe. Alcoholics who believe that the problems in their tool because it filters out information that contradicts what we I could write the book on this one. Delusion, a cousin of disuses the mind's ability to see things in myriad ways to support what it wants to be the truth. lives are legitimate reasons for drinking rather than results of the

a day-to-day level. We don't want to incorporate that much reality were to fully contemplate the consequences of our stockpiles of into our lives because to do so would be paralyzing nuclear weapons or global warming, we could hardly function on But delusion is also a survival mechanism we all use. If we

other sorts of lies. Its most cunning defense is that it cannot see shamelessly employs dismissal, omission, and amnesia, among Delusion acts as an adhesive to keep the status quo intact. It

The liar's punishment [. . .] is that he cannot believe anyone else GEORGE BERNARD SHAW

earlier, it's not easy to entirely eliminate lies from our lives. No and omit to lubricate the daily machinery of living. But there is a matter how pious we may try to be, we will still embellish, hedge, against itself." Our acceptance of lies becomes a cultural cancer world of difference between telling functional lies and living a lie. becomes as invisible to us as water is to a fish. that eventually shrouds and reorders reality until moral garbage Martin Buber once said, "The lie is the spirit committing treason These are only a few of the ways we lie. Or are lied to. As I said

ident? When will we stop being so reticent about making judg fine print? Whose lips do we read this year when we vote for presto trust? When do we stop accepting that the real truth is in the being sick and tired? When will we stand up and declare our right How much do we tolerate before we become sick and tired of

> responsibility to liars? ments? When do we stop turning over our personal power and

said it all for me: "You've got to stand for something or you'll fall tolerant of the lies told me every day. A country song I once heard tor anything." Maybe if I don't tell the bank the check's in the mail I'll be less

## For Discussion and Writing

- 1. What are the different kinds of lies Ericsson catalogs?
- 2. How many kinds of lies does Ericsson describe? How does the number of kinds of lies help her make her larger point about lying?
- 3. What might Ericsson have to say about what William F. Buckley Jr. describes in "Why Don't We Complain?" (p. 64).
- 4. Imagine a day in which you told no lies of any kind. Write a narrative telling the story of that day and the consequences of your total

#### STEPHANIE ERICSSON

### The Ways We Lie (pp. 120-29)

#### SUGGESTED APPROACHES

Unfortunately, given the current state of world affairs, this essay has immediate appeal and relevance, and students will have no difficulty finding contemporary examples of the categories that Stephanie Ericsson enumerates. Investigations surrounding 9/11, the war in Iraq, politics at the local and global levels as well as celebrity gossip are fodder for student writing about different types and modes of lying to oneself and others. To focus more narrowly and encourage student reflection, the teacher might discuss Ericsson's categories through examples of cheating. When is cheating, for instance, merely a "white lie," or what kind of "omission" is there in failing to cite something from the Internet that is not part of an official Web site or publication?

The structure and style of Ericsson's essay is another important topic for analysis. Essentially, she has an introduction and a conclusion with a series of topics in between. Each topic is introduced with a subheading, followed by a quote, defined, and then illustrated with one or more examples. Does this become monotonous? Is it easier to read than a more discursive essay? Furthermore, Ericsson employs a rather breezy style, describing someone who "looks like hell," including phrases such as "all talk and no walk," and referring to the biblical Lilith saying "adios" as she left the Garden of Eden. Such informality speaks to the audience, as do the author's many similes that seem more at-the-ready than original. Students' evaluations of these techniques will inform their ideas about propriety and intended audience.

Finally, it is not out of the question to use an accessible essay such as this one to introduce a much less accessible longer work, such as *Heart of Darkness*, to students. Further suggestions are provided in the Connections section.

#### QUESTIONS ON RHETORIC AND STYLE

- Why does Ericsson use a similar reference or discussion point to open and close—and thus
  to frame—her essay? In what ways does this strategy lead to cohesion?
- 2. Identify examples of informal language in this essay. Is it appropriate and effective or is it distracting?
- 3. Examine one section where Ericsson defines a type of lying. How would you describe this structure? Examine another selection. Is she repeating or varying the structure?
- 4. Do any of Ericsson's "types" of lying seem similar to logical fallacies? Which ones? (For instance, is "deflecting" the same as a red herring?)
- 5. What is the intended purpose of the quotations at the start of each type of lie? Are they meant to be humorous, inspirational, ironic?
- 6. Ericsson uses her personal experience to illustrate some but not all of her categories of lying. Is her allotment of personal reference effective, or does it fragment the essay?
- 7. List the sources of Ericsson's examples (such as a business acquaintance, different authors, the Bible, Pearl Harbor). Does this variety help her meaning, or is the range too wide to be effective?
- 8. Who is Ericsson's audience for this essay? Is her purpose to accuse them, make them think, dare them to stop lying—or something else?
- How would you describe Ericsson's tone?

#### SIMULATED AP ESSAY QUESTIONS

1. **Rhetorical Analysis.** Carefully read paragraphs 1 through 9 of "The Ways We Lie." Write an essay analyzing the rhetorical strategies the author uses to achieve her purpose.

#### **MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS**

These multiple-choice questions refer to the entire essay.

- Judging from her explanations and examples, it can be inferred that Ericsson believes that people
  - a. are unaware that they lie in many different ways
  - b. do not recognize the difference between "functional lies" and harmful ones
  - c. fail to understand the true consequences of their lying
  - d. have learned to tolerate lying as a necessary part of contemporary life
  - e. lie unintentionally more often than they lie intentionally
- 2. The sentence "We exaggerate, we minimize, we avoid confrontation, we spare people's feelings, we conveniently forget, we keep secrets, we justify lying to the big-guy institutions" (paragraph 3) is an example of
  - a. a run-on sentence
  - b. a complex sentence
  - c. polysyndeton
  - d. asyndeton
  - e. a cumulative sentence

- 3. Which of the following outlines the shared structure of "The White Lie" (paragraphs 8 and 9) and "Omission" (paragraphs 18–20)?
  - a. personal experience, explanation of consequences
  - b. definition, explanation of consequences, examples

1)

- definition, personal experience, general examples
- d. personal experience, explanation of consequences
- e. explanation of quotation, personal experiences
- 4. The section "Façades" (paragraphs 10 and 11) includes all of the following EXCEPT
  - a. hyperbole
  - b. metaphor
  - c. personification
  - d. colloquialism
  - e. metonymy
- 5. What is the rhetorical function of paragraph 36?
  - a. to engage readers by accusing them of wrongdoing
  - b. to summarize each of the types of lying that have been discussed in the essay
  - c. to encourage readers to contrast "functional lives" with "living a lie"
  - d. to repeat the most important points that the author has made in her essay
  - e. to encourage the reader to accept her stated claims

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- 6. Which of the following best describes the tone of this essay?
  - a. didactic and moralistic
  - b. sarcastic and acerbic
  - c. lively and provocative
  - d. nonchalant and informal
  - e. confrontational and instructive